

# Potenser

$$2^3 = \underbrace{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2}_{4 \cdot 2} = 8$$

$$2^4 \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow \text{exponent} \\ \leftarrow \text{Bas} \end{array}$$

$$2^4 = \underbrace{2 \cdot 2}_{4} \cdot \underbrace{2 \cdot 2}_{4} = 16$$

# Tiopotenser

$$10^2 = 10 \cdot 10 = 100$$

$$10^6 = 1000 \ 0000 \text{ (6 nollor)}$$

$$10^{-1} = 0,1 \text{ (delar)}$$

$$10^{-3} = 0,001$$

# Räkning m. potenser

(Multi)

Vid samma bas:

Ex:  $5^2 \cdot 5^3 = 5^{2+3} = 5^5$

Addera  
exponenter

$$10^8 \cdot 10^3 = 10^{8+3} = 10^{11}$$

(Div)

ex:

$$\frac{10^8}{10^3} = 10^{8-3} = 10^5$$

Subtraktion  $\nabla$

$$\frac{10000}{100} = 100$$

$$\frac{10^4}{10^2} = 10^{4-2} = 10^2 = 100$$

Stammer

Räkning m. add/sub,

$$10^4 + 10^2$$

$$10000 + 100 = \boxed{10100}$$

$$5^3 - 5^2$$

$$125 - 25 = \boxed{100}$$

Lös ut först  $\rightarrow$  räkna sen,