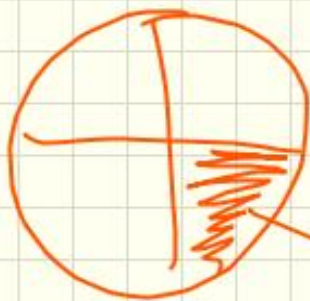


Hur stor "är delen?"

$\frac{1}{4}$ av 200kr

Hela tårtan kostar 200kr



Vad kostar $\frac{1}{4}$?

$$\frac{1}{4} \text{ av } 200 \Rightarrow \frac{200}{4} = 50 \text{ kr} \quad \text{Svar: } 50 \text{ kr}$$

$$5/1 \approx 30?$$

$$5/1 \approx 30 \Rightarrow \frac{5}{30} = \underline{\underline{1/6 \text{ kr}}}$$

$$7/1 \approx 21 \text{ kr} \Rightarrow \frac{7}{21} = \underline{\underline{1/3 \text{ kr}}}$$

$$10/1 \approx 40 \text{ kg} \Rightarrow \frac{10}{40} = \underline{\underline{1/4 \text{ kg}}}$$

$$\frac{5}{5} \approx 280 \text{ g?}$$

Börja alltid med $\frac{1}{4}$ ($\frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{7}$ osv)



$$\frac{1}{4} \text{ av } 280 \text{ g} \Rightarrow \frac{280}{4} = 70 \text{ g} \quad \leftarrow \text{Diagram of a spring}$$

$$\frac{5}{5} = 3 \cdot \frac{1}{4} \Rightarrow 3 \cdot 70 = \underline{\underline{210 \text{ g}}}$$

v_{NW} ca 25 kg?

Börja med att räkna ut v_{I} .

$$v_{\text{I}} \approx 25 \Rightarrow \frac{25}{5} = 5 \text{ kg}$$

$$v_{\text{I}} \Rightarrow 5 \text{ kg}$$

$$v_{\text{NW}} = 3 \cdot v_{\text{I}} \Rightarrow 3 \cdot 5 \text{ kg} = \underline{\underline{15 \text{ kg}}}$$

Prüfer Sialu:

$\sqrt[2]{2}$ \approx 300kr



$$\sqrt[2]{1} \Rightarrow \frac{100}{1} = 100$$

$$\sqrt[2]{2} \Rightarrow 100 \cdot 2 = \underline{\underline{200kr}}$$

$\sqrt[3]{15}$ \approx 15g



$$\sqrt[3]{15} \approx 15 \Rightarrow \frac{15}{3} = 3$$

$$\sqrt[3]{9} \Rightarrow 3 \cdot 3 = \underline{\underline{9}}$$

$\sqrt[4]{160}$ \approx 160kr



D

$$\frac{1}{4} \approx 160 \Rightarrow \frac{160}{4} = 40kr$$

$$\frac{5}{4} = 40 \cdot 5 = \underline{\underline{200kr}}$$

Läxa till fe 25 sept.

Måste kunna %, dec, bråkform

"även $\frac{3}{5}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{4}{5}$, $\frac{2}{3}$

Multiplikations tabeller.

minst 3 nya
kombo.